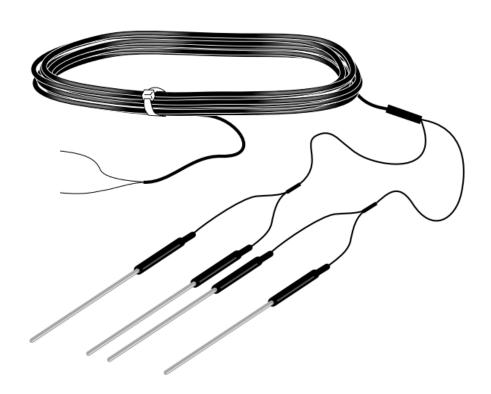
# **Product Manual**



# **TCAV**

Averaging Soil Thermocouple Probe









# Guarantee

This equipment is guaranteed against defects in materials and workmanship. We will repair or replace products which prove to be defective during the guarantee period as detailed on your invoice, provided they are returned to us prepaid. The guarantee will not apply to:

- Equipment which has been modified or altered in any way without the written permission of Campbell Scientific
- Batteries
- Any product which has been subjected to misuse, neglect, acts of God or damage in transit.

Campbell Scientific will return guaranteed equipment by surface carrier prepaid. Campbell Scientific will not reimburse the claimant for costs incurred in removing and/or reinstalling equipment. This guarantee and the Company's obligation thereunder is in lieu of all other guarantees, expressed or implied, including those of suitability and fitness for a particular purpose. Campbell Scientific is not liable for consequential damage.

Please inform us before returning equipment and obtain a Repair Reference Number whether the repair is under guarantee or not. Please state the faults as clearly as possible, and if the product is out of the guarantee period it should be accompanied by a purchase order. Quotations for repairs can be given on request. It is the policy of Campbell Scientific to protect the health of its employees and provide a safe working environment, in support of this policy a "Declaration of Hazardous Material and Decontamination" form will be issued for completion.

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Note that goods sent air freight are subject to Customs clearance fees which Campbell Scientific will charge to customers. In many cases, these charges are greater than the cost of the repair.



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# PLEASE READ FIRST

### About this manual

Please note that this manual was originally produced by Campbell Scientific Inc. primarily for the North American market. Some spellings, weights and measures may reflect this origin.

Some useful conversion factors:

**Area:**  $1 \text{ in}^2 \text{ (square inch)} = 645 \text{ mm}^2$  **Mass:** 1 oz. (ounce) = 28.35 g

1 lb (pound weight) = 0.454 kg

**Length:** 1 in. (inch) = 25.4 mm

1 ft (foot) = 304.8 mm **Pressure:** 1 psi (lb/in<sup>2</sup>) = 68.95 mb

1 yard = 0.914 m1 mile = 1.609 km **Volume:** 1 UK pint = 568.3 ml

> 1 UK gallon = 4.546 litres 1 US gallon = 3.785 litres

In addition, while most of the information in the manual is correct for all countries, certain information is specific to the North American market and so may not be applicable to European users.

Differences include the U.S standard external power supply details where some information (for example the AC transformer input voltage) will not be applicable for British/European use. *Please note, however, that when a power supply adapter is ordered it will be suitable for use in your country.* 

Reference to some radio transmitters, digital cell phones and aerials may also not be applicable according to your locality.

Some brackets, shields and enclosure options, including wiring, are not sold as standard items in the European market; in some cases alternatives are offered. Details of the alternatives will be covered in separate manuals.

Part numbers prefixed with a "#" symbol are special order parts for use with non-EU variants or for special installations. Please quote the full part number with the # when ordering.

# **Recycling information**



At the end of this product's life it should not be put in commercial or domestic refuse but sent for recycling. Any batteries contained within the product or used during the products life should be removed from the product and also be sent to an appropriate recycling facility.

Campbell Scientific Ltd can advise on the recycling of the equipment and in some cases arrange collection and the correct disposal of it, although charges may apply for some items or territories.

For further advice or support, please contact Campbell Scientific Ltd, or your local agent.



# Safety

DANGER — MANY HAZARDS ARE ASSOCIATED WITH INSTALLING, USING, MAINTAINING, AND WORKING ON OR AROUND **TRIPODS, TOWERS, AND ANY ATTACHMENTS TO TRIPODS AND TOWERS SUCH AS SENSORS, CROSSARMS, ENCLOSURES, ANTENNAS, ETC.** FAILURE TO PROPERLY AND COMPLETELY ASSEMBLE, INSTALL, OPERATE, USE, AND MAINTAIN TRIPODS, TOWERS, AND ATTACHMENTS, AND FAILURE TO HEED WARNINGS, INCREASES THE RISK OF DEATH, ACCIDENT, SERIOUS INJURY, PROPERTY DAMAGE, AND PRODUCT FAILURE. TAKE ALL REASONABLE PRECAUTIONS TO AVOID THESE HAZARDS. CHECK WITH YOUR ORGANIZATION'S SAFETY COORDINATOR (OR POLICY) FOR PROCEDURES AND REQUIRED PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT PRIOR TO PERFORMING ANY WORK.

Use tripods, towers, and attachments to tripods and towers only for purposes for which they are designed. Do not exceed design limits. Be familiar and comply with all instructions provided in product manuals. Manuals are available at www.campbellsci.eu or by telephoning +44(0) 1509 828 888 (UK). You are responsible for conformance with governing codes and regulations, including safety regulations, and the integrity and location of structures or land to which towers, tripods, and any attachments are attached. Installation sites should be evaluated and approved by a qualified engineer. If questions or concerns arise regarding installation, use, or maintenance of tripods, towers, attachments, or electrical connections, consult with a licensed and qualified engineer or electrician.

#### General

- Prior to performing site or installation work, obtain required approvals and permits. Comply with all
  governing structure-height regulations, such as those of the FAA in the USA.
- Use only qualified personnel for installation, use, and maintenance of tripods and towers, and any attachments to tripods and towers. The use of licensed and qualified contractors is highly recommended.
- Read all applicable instructions carefully and understand procedures thoroughly before beginning work.
- Wear a hardhat and eye protection, and take other appropriate safety precautions while working on or around tripods and towers.
- **Do not climb** tripods or towers at any time, and prohibit climbing by other persons. Take reasonable precautions to secure tripod and tower sites from trespassers.
- Use only manufacturer recommended parts, materials, and tools.

# **Utility and Electrical**

- You can be killed or sustain serious bodily injury if the tripod, tower, or attachments you are installing, constructing, using, or maintaining, or a tool, stake, or anchor, come in contact with overhead or underground utility lines.
- Maintain a distance of at least one-and-one-half times structure height, or 20 feet, or the distance required by applicable law, whichever is greater, between overhead utility lines and the structure (tripod, tower, attachments, or tools).
- Prior to performing site or installation work, inform all utility companies and have all underground utilities marked.
- Comply with all electrical codes. Electrical equipment and related grounding devices should be installed by a licensed and qualified electrician.

### **Elevated Work and Weather**

- Exercise extreme caution when performing elevated work.
- Use appropriate equipment and safety practices.
- During installation and maintenance, keep tower and tripod sites clear of un-trained or non-essential personnel. Take precautions to prevent elevated tools and objects from dropping.
- Do not perform any work in inclement weather, including wind, rain, snow, lightning, etc.

### Maintenance

- Periodically (at least yearly) check for wear and damage, including corrosion, stress cracks, frayed cables, loose cable clamps, cable tightness, etc. and take necessary corrective actions.
- Periodically (at least yearly) check electrical ground connections.

WHILE EVERY ATTEMPT IS MADE TO EMBODY THE HIGHEST DEGREE OF SAFETY IN ALL CAMPBELL SCIENTIFIC PRODUCTS, THE CUSTOMER ASSUMES ALL RISK FROM ANY INJURY RESULTING FROM IMPROPER INSTALLATION, USE, OR MAINTENANCE OF TRIPODS, TOWERS, OR ATTACHMENTS TO TRIPODS AND TOWERS SUCH AS SENSORS, CROSSARMS, ENCLOSURES, ANTENNAS, ETC.

# **Table of Contents**

PDF viewers: These page numbers refer to the printed version of this document. Use the PDF reader bookmarks tab for links to specific sections.

1.	Introduc	tion	1
2.	Precauti	ons	1
3.	Initial In	spection	2
4.	QuickSt	art	2
5.	Overviev	<i>N</i>	3
6.	Specific	ations	4
7.	Installati	ion	4
	7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4	Placement in Soil	5
Αp	pendix		
A.	Importin	g Short Cut Code Into CRBasic Editor	<b>A</b> -1
Fig	gures		
	1-1. 7-1.	TCAV Thermocouple Probe	
Та	ble		
	7-1.	Wire Colour, Function, and Connections to the Data Logger	5

# TCAV – Averaging Soil Thermocouple Probe

# 1. Introduction

The TCAV typically provides the average temperature of the soil for energy-balance in flux systems. It parallels four thermocouples together into one 24 AWG wire. Each member of a thermocouple pair can then be buried at a different depth. The thermocouple pairs may be up to one metre apart.

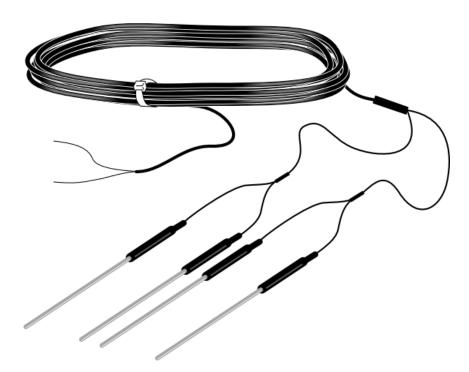


FIGURE 1-1. TCAV Thermocouple Probe

# 2. Precautions

- READ AND UNDERSTAND the Safety section at the front of this manual.
- Handle the TCAV with care.
- While opening the shipping package, avoid cutting or damaging the cable jacket. If damage to the cable is suspected, contact Campbell Scientific.

# 3. Initial Inspection

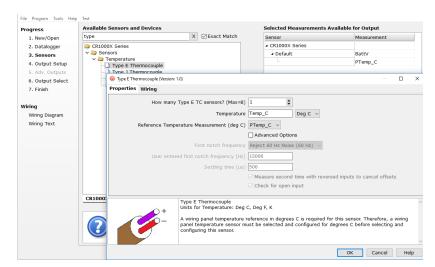
- Upon receipt of the sensor, inspect the packaging for any signs of shipping damage and, if found, report the damage to the carrier in accordance with policy. The contents of the package should also be inspected and a claim filed if any shipping related damage is discovered.
- The model number is printed on a label on the cable. Check this information against the shipping documents to ensure the correct product is received.

# 4. QuickStart

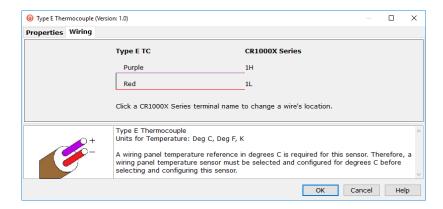
A video that describes data logger programming using *Short Cut* is available at: www.campbellsci.eu/videos/cr1000x-datalogger-getting-started-program-part-3. Short Cut is an easy way to program your data logger to measure the sensor and assign data logger wiring terminals. Short Cut is available as a download on www.campbellsci.eu. It is included in installations of LoggerNet, RTDAQ, PC400, or PC200W.

The following procedure shows using *Short Cut* to program the type-E thermocouple of the TCAV. A reference temperature measurement is required. For this tutorial, the data logger panel temperature measurement is used as the reference temperature measurement.

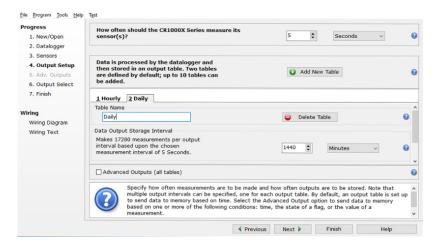
- 1. Open Short Cut and click Create New Program.
- 2. Double-click the data logger model.
- In the Available Sensors and Devices box, type Type E Thermocouple or locate the sensor in the Sensors > Temperature folder. Double-click
   Type E Thermocouple. The temperature defaults to degree C. This can be changed by clicking the Temperature box and selecting one of the other options.



4. Click the **Wiring** tab to see how the sensor is to be wired to the data logger. Click **OK** after wiring the sensor.



- Repeat steps three and four for other sensors you want to measure. Click Next.
- 6. In **Output Setup**, type the scan rate, meaningful table names, and **Data Output Storage Interval**.



- 7. Select the measurement and its associated output option.
- 8. Click **Finish** and save the program. Send the program to the data logger if the data logger is connected to the computer.
- 9. If the sensor is connected to the data logger, check the output of the sensor in data display in *LoggerNet*, *RTDAQ*, *PC400*, or *PC200W* to make sure it is making reasonable measurements.

# 5. Overview

The TCAV uses type E thermocouples, which are comprised of a chromel wire and a constantan wire joined at a measurement junction. A voltage potential is generated when the measurement end of the thermocouple is at a different temperature than the reference end of the thermocouple. The magnitude of the voltage potential is related to the temperature difference. Therefore,

temperature can be determined by measuring the differences in potential created at the junction of the two wires.

A reference temperature measurement is required for thermocouple measurements. The temperature sensor built into many of our data logger wiring panels typically provides this measurement.

# 6. Specifications

Type: Chromel-Constantan

**Typical Output:**  $60 \mu V/^{\circ}C$ 

**Weight:** 0.45 kg (1 lb) with 15.24-m (50-ft) cable

# 7. Installation

Typically, the TCAV is used to calculate the heat flux at the surface of the soil. The standard set of sensors for measuring soil heat flux includes the TCAV Averaging Soil Thermocouple, HFP01SC Soil Heat Flux Plates, and CS616, CS650, or CS655 water content reflectometer.

## 7.1 Placement in Soil

The following shows a typical soil heat flux installation.

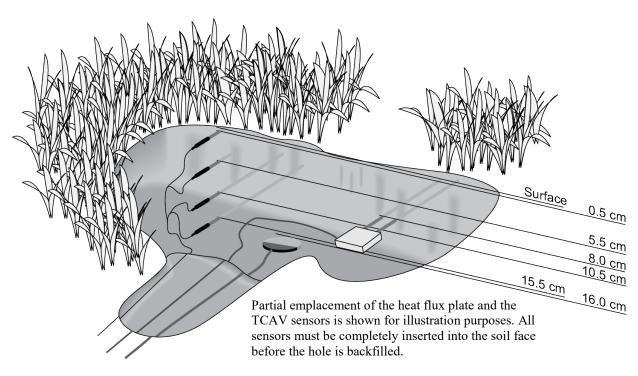


FIGURE 7-1. Sensor placement for soil heat flux measurements

The location of the heat flux plate and thermocouple should be chosen to be representative of the area under study. If the ground cover is extremely varied, it could be necessary to have additional sensors to provide a valid average.

Use a shovel to cut a vertical slice in the soil and remove the soil to one side of the cut. Keep the soil intact so that it can be replaced with minimal disruption.

The sensors are installed in the undisturbed face. Measure the sensor depths from the top of the soil. With a small knife, make a horizontal cut below the surface into the undisturbed face of the hole. The stainless steel tubes encasing the thermocouple junctions are pressed into the soil, keeping the tubes horizontal. (When removing the thermocouples, grip the tubing, not the thermocouple wire.)

To minimize thermal conduction down the sensor wires, wrap them around the edge of the hole keeping the wires at the same level as the sensor for as long as possible. Replace the soil in the same position as it was. Do not run the wires directly to the surface.

# 7.2 Wiring to the Data Logger

TABLE 7-1. Wire Colour, Function, and Connections to the Data Logger				
Wire Colour Function		Data Logger Terminals		
		Differential	Single-Ended	
Purple	Analogue signal	U configured for differential high <sup>1</sup> , <b>DIFF H</b> (differential high, analogue-voltage input)	U configured for single-ended <sup>1</sup> , SE (single-ended, analogue-voltage input)	
Red	Signal reference  U configured for differential low <sup>1</sup> , <b>DIFF</b> L (differential low, analogue-voltage input)		≟ (analogue ground)	
<sup>1</sup> U terminals are automatically configured by the measurement instruction.				

# 7.3 Programming

The probe is measured with a thermocouple CRBasic instruction, **TCSe()** or **TCDiff()**. **TCDiff()** is recommended because it reduces noise and ground loop problems. The **TCDiff()** instruction has the following form:

```
TCDiff( Dest, Reps, Range, DiffChan, TCType, TRef, RevDiff, SettlingTime, integration or fN1, Mult, Offset )
```

Choose TypeE for the TCType. A reference temperature measurement (TRef) is required and is typically provided by the thermistor built into the wiring panel of the data logger. The **PanelTemp()** instruction measures the thermistor built into the data logger panel.

# 7.4 Calculating Soil Heat Flux

The soil heat flux at the surface is calculated by adding the measured flux at a fixed depth (in this case 8 cm) to the energy stored in the layer above the heat flux plates. The heat capacity of the soil and the change in temperature over the output interval are required to calculate the average stored energy, S (W m<sup>-2</sup>):

$$S = (T_i - T_{i-1}) \cdot D \cdot C_s / t$$

Where:

 $T_i$  is the current temperature (°C),  $T_{i-1}$  is previous temperature (°C), D is depth to heat flux plate (m),  $C_s$  is the soil heat capacity (J m<sup>-3</sup> °C<sup>-1</sup>), and T is the time interval (s).

One method of calculating  $C_s$  is to add the specific heat of the dry mineral soil,  $C_{sd}$ , to that of the soil water,  $C_w$  (4190 J kg<sup>-1</sup> °C<sup>-1</sup>). The values used for  $C_{sd}$  and  $C_w$  are on a mass basis (J kg<sup>-1</sup> °C<sup>-1</sup>).  $C_s$ , the heat capacity of the moist soil on a volume basis (J m<sup>-3</sup> °C<sup>-1</sup>) is:

$$C_s = BD \cdot (C_{sd} + W \cdot C_w)$$

This calculation requires site specific inputs for bulk density (BD, kg m<sup>-3</sup>), mass basis water content (W, kg water/kg soil), and  $C_{sd}$ , the specific heat of the dry soil. 840 J kg<sup>-1</sup> °C<sup>-1</sup> is a reasonable value for  $C_{sd}$  for most mineral soils (Hanks and Ashcroft, Applied Soil Physics, Published by Springer-Verlag, New York, 1980).

# Appendix A. Importing Short Cut Code Into CRBasic Editor

Short Cut creates a .DEF file that contains wiring information and a program file that can be imported into the CRBasic Editor. By default, these files reside in the C:\campbellsci\SCWin folder.

Import Short Cut program file and wiring information into CRBasic Editor:

Create the Short Cut program. After saving the Short Cut program, click
the Advanced tab then the CRBasic Editor button. A program file with a
generic name will open in CRBasic. Provide a meaningful name and save
the CRBasic program. This program can now be edited for additional
refinement.

### **NOTE**

Once the file is edited with *CRBasic Editor*, *Short Cut* can no longer be used to edit the program it created.

- 2. To add the *Short Cut* wiring information into the new CRBasic program, open the .DEF file located in the C:\campbellsci\SCWin folder, and copy the wiring information, which is at the beginning of the .DEF file.
- 3. Go into the CRBasic program and paste the wiring information into it.
- 4. In the CRBasic program, highlight the wiring information, right-click, and select **Comment Block**. This adds an apostrophe (') to the beginning of each of the highlighted lines, which instructs the data logger compiler to ignore those lines when compiling. The **Comment Block** feature is demonstrated at about 5:10 in the *CRBasic* | *Features* video .



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