



CDM-VW300

2-Channel Dynamic Vibrating-Wire Analyzer



Dynamic Vibrating-Wire Measurements

Uses patented VSPECT™ technology for noise immunity and industry-leading quality

Overview

The CDM-VW300 is a two-channel interface that you can use between standard single-coil circuit vibrating-wire sensors and data loggers to allow shorter intervals between measurements. With the CDM-VW300 interface, you can achieve much faster and better measurements without having to purchase new sensors. Sensors typically used with the CDM-VW300 are strain gages, load cells, pressure transducers, crackmeters, and tiltmeters.

This interface uses an excitation mechanism that maintains the vibrating-wire sensor in a continuously vibrating state. The interface measures the resonant frequency of the wire between excitations using the patented vibrating-wire spectral-analysis technology (VSPECT®). VSPECT® provides very

fine measurement resolution and also limits the influence of external noise by discriminating between signal and noise based on frequency content. Because of this technology, the signal can be carried through longer cables, giving you flexibility in your sensor and data logger siting.

You can connect multiple CDM-VW300 modules to one data logger. The [CDM-VW305](#) is similar to this item, but it has eight channels.

The dynamic vibrating-wire measurement technique is protected under U.S. Patent No. 8,671,758, and the vibrating-wire spectral-analysis technology (VSPECT®) is protected under U.S. Patent No. 7,779,690.

Benefits and Features

- ▶ Interfaces to standard single-coil vibrating-wire sensors
- ▶ Two simultaneously sampled channels per module; synchronizable across multiple modules
- ▶ Dynamic measurement rates of 20 to 333 Hz
- ▶ Static measurement at 1 Hz made simultaneously with the dynamic measurement
- ▶ Spectral interpolation approach provides superior noise immunity and measurement resolution compared to time-domain period-averaging approach
- ▶ Excitation method provides frequent low-energy pulses to maintain a continuous resonant vibration in the sensor
- ▶ Thermistor input for each vibrating-wire channel is sampled at 1 Hz
- ▶ Data logger communications via CPI
- ▶ User-configurable, onboard post-processing of the data including frequency output conversion, temperature conversion, and rainflow histogram collection



Detailed Description

In addition to the dynamic vibrating-wire measurement, the CDM-VW300 makes several auxiliary measurements. A static vibrating-wire measurement is made once each second, along with the dynamic measurements, which provides finer measurement resolution and greater immunity to external noise sources. The CDM-VW300 includes a thermistor input channel paired with each vibrating-wire channel, featuring high-precision 24-bit measurements at a 1 Hz rate. Lastly, a rich set of diagnostic parameters is provided with the vibrating-wire data.

The CDM-VW300 has the capability to simplify post-processing of data by computing common values internally. Vibrating-wire data can be reported as measured frequency or as the frequency squared with a multiplier and offset applied. The thermistor data is reported as resistance or is converted to degrees Celsius using the thermistor's Steinhart-Hart coefficients. The CDM-VW300 also can internally compile

rainflow histograms from the final data and report the values at user-specified intervals.

Vibrating-Wire Inputs

Each channel has two terminals for connecting to the coil of the vibrating-wire sensor. Both vibrating-wire terminals are labeled **VW** and the polarity of the wiring is arbitrary. The sensor is excited and measured through the same connections. Sinusoidal excitation is applied for a few cycles of the wire oscillation. The wire is maintained in a continuously vibrating state. Excitation voltage varies automatically to maintain the desired return signal strength.

Thermistor Inputs

Each channel has two terminals for connecting to the thermistor. Both thermistor terminals are labeled **T** and the polarity of the wiring is arbitrary. The measurement is a half-bridge configuration with the excitation circuitry and completion resistor integrated into the module.

Specifications

-NOTE- Electrical specifications are valid over a -25° to +50°C range unless otherwise specified. Non-condensing environment required.

Scan Rates	20, 50, 100 Hz
CPI Baud Rate	Selectable from 25 kbps to 1 Mbps
Input Resistance	5 k Ω
Excitation Voltage Range	0 to ± 3 V (6 V peak-to-peak)
Excitation Voltage Resolution	26 mV
Operating Temperature Range	\gg -25° to +50°C (standard) \gg -55° to +85°C (extended)
Measurement Frequency Accuracy	\pm (0.005% of reading + measurement resolution)
Sustained Input Voltage without Damage	-0.5 to +7.1 V
USB	USB 2.0 full speed connection is available for attaching the device to a PC. (This port is provided to configure the module, send updates, and communicate with the Dynamic Vibrating-Wire Toolbox software. The USB port is not provided for use within a permanent data collection system.)

CPI	Used for connection to the data logger. Baud rate selectable from 50 kbps to 1 Mbps. (Allowable cable length varies depending on baud rate, number of nodes, cable quality, and noise environment, but can be as long as 2,500 ft under proper conditions.)
Mounting	Standard 1-in. grid (Optional DIN rail mounting available.)
Warranty	One year against defects in materials and workmanship
Dimensions	20.3 x 12.7 x 5.1 cm (8 x 5 x 2 in.)

Measurement Resolution at Sample Rates

-NOTE- Typical values for a 2.5 kHz resonant sensor

1 Hz Sample Rate	0.005 Hz RMS (noise level)
20 Hz Sample Rate	0.008 Hz RMS (noise level)
50 Hz Sample Rate	0.015 Hz RMS (noise level)
100 Hz Sample Rate	0.035 Hz RMS (noise level)
200 Hz Sample Rate	0.11 Hz RMS (noise level)
333.3 Hz Sample Rate	0.45 Hz RMS (noise level)



Sensor Resonant Frequency Range

20 Hz Sample Rate	› 6000 Hz (maximum sensor frequency) › 290 Hz (minimum sensor frequency)
50 Hz Sample Rate	› 6000 Hz (maximum sensor frequency) › 290 Hz (minimum sensor frequency)
100 Hz Sample Rate	› 6000 Hz (maximum sensor frequency) › 580 Hz (minimum sensor frequency)

Thermistor

Completion Resistor	4.99 k Ω 0.1%
Excitation Voltage	1.5 V
Resolution	0.002 Ω RMS (@ 5 k Ω thermistor resistance)
Accuracy	0.15% of reading (Thermistor accuracy and resistance of the wire should be considered as additional errors.)
Measurement Rate	1 Hz

Power Requirements

Voltage	9.6 to 32 Vdc
Typical Current Drain	115 mA (@ 12 Vdc)

For comprehensive details, visit: www.campbellsci.com/cdm-vw300 



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