Overview

The SR50AT®, SR50AT-316SS®, and SR50ATH® are sonic ranging sensors with external temperature probes. The SR50AT-316SS has a stainless-steel chassis and parylene-coated transducer head that allows the sensor to be used in marine or other corrosive environments. The SR50ATH includes a heater that prevents ice from coating the transducer.

Sonic ranging sensors determine distance by emitting an ultrasonic pulse and then measuring the elapsed time between the emission and return of the pulse. The temperature probe allows the SR50AT series to output temperature-corrected values (speed of sound varies with temperature).

Benefits and Features

- Temperature probe for providing temperature correction of measurements
- Non-contact method for determining snow or water depth
- Wide operating temperature range
- Rugged enough for harsh environments
- User-selectable options for output
- Uses a multiple echo processing algorithm to help ensure measurement reliability
- Compatible with most Campbell Scientific dataloggers

Mounting

To achieve an unobstructed view, the sensor is typically mounted to a tripod mast, tower leg, or user-supplied pole using the CM206 6-ft crossarm. The 19517 mounting kit attaches directly to the crossarm. The 19484 mounting stem attaches to the crossarm using the 17953 Nu-Rail fitting, CM220 right-angle mount, CM230 adjustable-angle mount, or CM230XL adjustable-angle mount. Use the CM230 or CM230XL when the surface is at an angle.

The air temperature probe is housed in a 41303-5A or RAD06 6-plate radiation shield. The louvered construction of these radiation shields allows air to pass freely through the shield thereby keeping the sensor at or near ambient temperature. The shields' white color reflects solar radiation. The RAD06 uses a double-louvered design that offers improved sensor protection from driving rain, snow, insect intrusion and has lower self-heating in bright sunlight combined with higher temperatures (> 24°C (~75°F)) and low wind speeds (< 2 m s⁻¹ (~4.5 mph)) giving a better measurement.

Output

SDI-12, RS-232, and RS-485 output options are available for measuring these sensors. Campbell Scientific’s MD485 interface can be used to connect one or more sensors in RS-485 mode to an RS-232 device. This can be useful for sensors that require lead lengths that exceed the limits of either RS-232 or SDI-12 communications.

The SR50AT-series sonic ranging sensors are manufactured by Campbell Scientific Canada.
Ordering Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sonic Ranging Sensor</th>
<th>Mounting Hardware</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>SR50AT-L</strong></td>
<td>19517</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mounting Kit that attaches sonic ranging sensor directly to the crossarm. Either this mounting kit or the 19484 mounting stem (see below) is required to mount the sensor to a crossarm.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>SR50AT-316SS-L</strong></td>
<td>19484</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Mounting Stem that uses a 17953 Nu-Rail fitting, CM220 mount, CM230 mount, or CM230XL mount (see below) to attach the sonic sensor to a crossarm. Either this stem or the 19517 mounting kit (see above) is required to mount the sensor to a crossarm.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>SR50ATH-L</strong></td>
<td>17953</td>
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<td></td>
<td>1-inch x 1-inch Nu-Rail Crossover Fitting that attaches the 19484 mounting stem to a crossarm.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Cable Termination Options (choose one)</strong></td>
<td>CM220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-PT</td>
<td>Right Angle Mounting Kit that attaches the 19484 mounting stem to a crossarm.</td>
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<tr>
<td>-PW</td>
<td>CM230</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Adjustable Inclination Mount Kit for applications where the measurement surface is at an angle.</td>
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</tbody>
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<tr>
<th>RS-485 Interface</th>
<th>CM230XL</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>MD485</strong></td>
<td>Adjustable Angle Mounting Kit with Extended Length. Provides same functionality as the CM230 but places the SR50A further from the crossarm.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Specifications**

- View EU Declaration of Conformity documentation at: www.campbellsci.com/sr50at-l
- Measurement Time: < 1.0 s
- Output Options: SDI-12 version 1.3, RS-232, RS-485 (output options selected by configuring internal jumpers)
- Baud Rates (RS-232, RS-485 modes): 1200 to 38400 bps
- Power Requirements: 9 to 18 Vdc (typically powered by datalogger's 12 Vdc power supply)
- Measurement Range: 0.5 to 10 m (1.6 to 32.8 ft)
- Beam Acceptance: ~30°
- Resolution: 0.25 mm (0.01 in)
- Accuracy: ±1 cm (0.4 in) or 0.4% of distance to target (whichever is greatest); requires external temperature compensation
- Operating Temperature Range: -45° to +50°C
- Length: 10.1 cm (4.0 in)
- Diameter: 7.5 cm (3 in)
- Temperature Measurement
  - 0° to +50°C: ±0.2°C
  - -45° to 0°C: ±0.75°C
  - SR50ATH attached to a crossarm using the 19517 mounting kit.

**Power Consumption (no heater)**

- Active (typical): 250 mA
- Quiescent SDI-12 Mode: < 1.0 mA
- Quiescent RS-232/RS-485 Modes: < 1.25 mA (≤9600 bps), < 2.0 mA (>9600 bps)

**Heater (SR50ATH only)**

- Heater Resistance: 75 Ohms
- Nominal Operating Voltage: 12 V (ac or dc)\(^d\)
- Maximum Rated Wattage: 3 W
- Maximum Rated Voltage: 15 V (ac or dc)
- Maximum Operating Temperature: 25°C\(^d\)

**Maximum Cable Length**

- SDI-12: 60 m (200 ft)
- RS-232: 60 m (200 ft); baud rates ≤9600 bps
- RS-485: 300 m (984 ft); cable lengths greater than 60 m require a heavier gage wire if the power supply drops below 11 Vdc

**Weight**

- SR50AT, SR50ATH (no cable): 375 g (13.2 oz)
- SR50AT-316SS (no cable): 795 g (28 oz)
- Cable (15 ft): 250 g (8.2 oz)

\(^a\) Only the sensor cable of the SR50ATH terminates in a prewired connector. The heater-power cable terminates in stripped and tinned leads that attach to a datalogger switched 12V terminal. Therefore, the pre-wired enclosure configuration must include a conduit or compression fitting for routing the SR50AH heater-power cable.

\(^b\) Use a properly conditioned low noise power source. A noisy power source will affect operation of the sensor.

\(^c\) Turn the heater power off at temperatures above 25°C. This prevents damage to the sensor and reduces power consumption.